VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 1-6 and 15-17 have been canceled.

Claims 7-10, 12-14, 18-20, and 23-24 have been amended as follows:

7. (Once Amended) A method for processing a film, comprising: providing a film;

providing a buffer layer between the film and a transfer; and

performing an impression step to form a plurality of protuberant structures on the film, wherein the impression step is performed by a squeezer including an impresser and [a]the transfer, the impresser having a plurality of grain projections formed thereon in a predetermined pattern-for-impressing the film placed between the impresser and the transfer, so as to form protuberant structures on the film in an area corresponding to the predetermined pattern.

- 8. (Once Amended) The method according to claim 7, wherein the film is made of a material chosen from the group [composed]consisting of metal, plastic, alloy, and complex film, wherein the complex film is composed of one of followings including metal, metal coupled with plastic, and metal coupled with paper[and the like].
- 9. (Once Amended) The method according to claim 7, wherein a material of the buffer layer is [made of a material] chosen from the group consisting of [including] paper, plastic, releasing paper, releasing film, adhesive coupled with paper, and adhesive coupled with releasing film[and the like].
- 10. (Once Amended) The method according to claim 7, after the impressing step is performed, further including the step of placing a protection layer on the top of film, wherein the protection layer is made of organic material, inorganic material, or metal[or the like].

- 12. (Once Amended) The method according to claim 7, wherein the grain projections are composed of [one of following material including] diamond particles[,] or Borazon particles[and the like].
 - 13. (Once Amended) A method for processing a film, comprising: providing a film; and

selecting a region of the film and performing an impression step to form a plurality of protuberant structures on [a]the region of the film, wherein the impressing step is performed by a squeezer including an impresser, [and] a transfer and a template, the impresser having a plurality of grain projections formed thereon, [for impressing the film] the template being placed between the impresser and the transfer and having a pattern corresponding to the region of the film for forming the protuberant structures on the region of the film by impression.

- 14. (Once Amended) The method according to claim 13, wherein the grain projections are formed on the impresser and in a location corresponding to [a]the region of the film, such that after impression the protuberant structures are formed in the region of the film by the impresser and the transfer, which has a flat surface.
- 18. (Once Amended) The method according to claim [17] 13, wherein the template includes a negative template or a positive template.
- 19. (Once Amended) The method according to claim 13, wherein the grain projections are composed of [one of following material including]diamond particles[,] or Borazon particles[and the like].
- 20. (Once Amended) The method according to claim 13, wherein the film is made of a material chosen from the group [composed]consisting of metal, plastic, alloy, and complex film, wherein the complex film is composed of one of followings including metal, metal coupled with plastic, and metal coupled with paper[and the like].

- 23. (Once Amended) The method according to claim 22, wherein the buffer layer is made of a material chosen from the group [composed]consisting of paper, plastic, releasing paper, releasing film, adhesive coupled with paper, and adhesive coupled with releasing film[and the like].
- 24. (Once Amended) The method according to claim 13, further including the step of placing a protection layer on the top of film, wherein the protection layer is made of organic material, inorganic material, or metal[or the like].